

FALL OF MANILA

MADRID PAPERS FEAR THAT WILL BE THE NEXT NEWS.

SITUATION ADMITTEDLY GRAVE

SERIOUS MISGIVINGS AS TO GENERAL MONET'S FATE.

Foreign Residents Said to Have Taken Refuge on Warships—Expectations of General Intervention—Subsiding—London Press Comment.

LONDON, June 17.—The Madrid correspondent of the Morning Post says: "Senor Sagasta displayed great agitation while reading the latest dispatches from Manila, the contents of which have not yet been given to the public."

The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "The news from Manila is most unfavorable and has made a corresponding impression. Serious misgivings are felt regarding the fate of General Monet, at the head of a strong column operating at some distance from the coast."

"It is said that many foreign residents, with their families and valuables, have taken refuge on British, French and German vessels, while others have left for China and Japan."

"The Madrid press expresses surprise that the archbishop of Manila should have left the city at such a moment, unless it is true that he wishes thereby to signify his disapproval of the reforms Captain General Augustin has promised the natives in the hope of checking the spread of the insurrection. Most of the papers express a fear that the next news will be of the fall of Manila."

"The whole question in the eyes of the Spaniards is whether Admiral Dewey can prevent Aguinaldo from pushing on hostilities against Manila until the American reinforcements arrive, since, otherwise, it is supposed he will have to allow European war vessels to co-operate in the difficult task of maintaining order and saving Manila from the excesses of the insurgents."

"Very noticeable to-day is the fact that the expectations of German intervention are subsiding, though there is a deal of comment on the large German naval force collected at Manila."

"I regret to say that the press campaign against the presence of alleged American correspondents and English correspondents in Spain seems to have found an echo in high quarters. It is hardly fair or honorable, however, to denounce them as spies, in order to excuse treatment which neither America nor England ever extended to any Spanish correspondent."

"El Imparcial says the government will shortly take steps to prevent American spies residing in Madrid and the provinces from pretending to be English correspondents, and the paper adds that it is 'very probable' that the government will speedily adopt rigorous measures against spies in the service of American newspapers."

"I must add that sensible people in political circles do not believe that Senor Sagasta will take steps likely to lead to unpleasant relations, as there are more Spaniards resident in the United States than there are American subjects in Spain."

"According to a special dispatch from Shanghai, Admiral Von Diederichs, it is said officially, left Nagasaki, Japan, for Manila, under orders to prevent Admiral Dewey from preventing American ships from entering the city, and also because Captain General Augustin offered the German consul the Caroline islands as a coaling station, in case operation should be taken against Manila."

"The Times this morning, in an editorial, which embodies the views of its foreign correspondents, says: 'While in Vienna certain prominence is given to the argument that Spain has done enough for honor and ought now to sue for peace upon terms which it is perhaps too hastily assumed the United States would grant, the view taken in Madrid is that, although peace is desirable, the worst way of getting it is to ask for it. That attitude would be more intelligible were there any evidence that Spain is making efforts which might place her on more equal terms with her adversary.'

"While in Vienna the hope is held out to her that by making peace immediately she might retain the Philippines with the exception of a naval base for America at Manila, it seems to be thought at Madrid that the prospect of international difficulties about the Philippines, together with the military and physical obstacles to the reduction of Cuba, will bring the United States into a mood more favorable for negotiation."

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of Panay, with instructions to endeavor to communicate with Governor General Augustin, failed in his mission. The messenger, the dispatch adds, found that the telegraph lines in the island of Luzon, of which Manila is the capital, had been cut by the insurgents and that the native militia were deserting by wholesale.

The Visayas islands and the island of Mindanao, however, were quiet. A dispatch from the governor of Santiago de Cuba says that nothing of a fresh nature has occurred at that place. President Sagasta, upon leaving the cabinet council to-day, said that two provinces of Luzon were still loyal to the Spanish government, but that the situation in Manila was of the most serious character.

IN THE DANISH WEST INDIES.

People of St. Thomas Hope the War Will Bring Them Under the American Flag.

(Copyright, 1938, by the Associated Press.) ST. THOMAS, DANISH WEST INDIES, June 16.—The promises given by the Hispano-American war to St. Thomas and the interest of which it has been an active center have brought to light certain conditions which would otherwise be known only to the natives of the land and to the stray traveler with a taste for inquiry.

The interest the island takes in the war is keen and along with it goes the popular hope that the United States will eventually buy St. Thomas from Good King Christian IX, thus bringing back the old prosperous times.

War news runs daily up and down the street, for every one knows every one else, and a merchant's clerk always has time to leave his wares and discuss on the sidewalk the latest dispatches from New York, or to impart to his friends the confidential communication of a newspaper correspondent to his employer.

Every stranger in a hotel and a cafe is set down as a war correspondent by the natives. This credulity has been shown here at one time, and it attributes to them all a mysterious knowledge of war affairs up to the island. This credulity must have been imposed upon at times, for there was once an alarming rumor here of a Spanish bombardment of Indianapolis from the banks of the Wabash.

Most of the people here wonder why so many correspondents come here, when there is so little news in the region. But these foreigners have money to spend and St. Thomas extends them a right royal welcome. Every industry of the island is benefited by the presence of the knights of the quill, and the expenditures are regarded as a sample of the good times to come when the United States buys the islands. The popular voice is in favor of such a transaction. Frequently crowds of the natives parade the streets, headed by an American flag and singing an American patriotic song, and they don't mind about the exasperated Spanish consul. But showing the stars and stripes are in demand for editorial comment on the question of a transfer of the United States is not lacking.

One local beneficiary of the war has been the office of the West India and Panama company, a powerful British concern, at present operating a monopoly which it cannot and will not see must be broken sooner or later. Many thousands of dollars have been paid to this company during the last few weeks for the transportation of news to the United States. It is doubtful if in normal times there is enough cable business in St. Thomas to give profits to two companies, yet, with the wires of the rival French company landed on the island and the question of the latter's operation dependent upon governmental permission, only one company, which all people know will be obtained—the British company is taking no steps apparently to hold trade that must surely drift away. It lives in fancied security, born of its position as a monopoly. If the result is a surprise for the company, and cheap and efficient cable service to St. Thomas, the island's business will benefit greatly.

The Danish government has, possibly, pursued an unwise policy in granting to certain men the business monopolies here. For instance, there is but one drug store on the island.

There are four coal wharves in the harbor, one English, one French, one German and one Danish. The first, second and third concerns supply the needs of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, the Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique and the Hamburg-American line, respectively, while the fourth alone supplies coal to all the other ships. The impression is abroad that the owners of the general coal wharves have prohibited the sale of this necessity, but such is not the case, as is proven by the recent sale to the United States of coal that was brought here upon speculation.

Coal has been of the first importance during the last two months. Two of the American warships have supplied themselves from this port and the United States still holds some 5,000 tons in reserve at St. Thomas.

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SURPRISE SALE No. 24.

IF THIS IS NOT A SURPRISE SALE, PAR EXCELLENCE, TELL US.

PRAY, WHAT IT IS.

Men's \$12.00, \$12.50, \$13.00, and \$13.50

tailor, serviceable suits.

at \$7.77

WE'RE CONFRONTED BY A CON-

DITION, AND NOT A THEORY.



"A day lost can never be retrieved" is a truism, but in no case more aptly applied than in the clothing business. The season is rapidly advancing; the most stupendous stock of Spring and Summer clothing ever brought to this city by any house lies on our tables awaiting purchasers who are not to be disappointed. As a special effort to move them, we have gone through our entire establishment and have picked out 3,000 Men's Suits, made by world-renowned tailors to sell at \$12, \$12.50, \$13 and \$13.50, and have marked them at the uniform ridiculously low price of

\$7.77

These superb suits were made for this Spring and Summer wear, from the most substantial and stylish fabrics that we have ever seen. The patterns were designed by master minds that set the fashions of the European continent, and built in garments of irreproachable style by the best tailors good American money could hire.

TO-MORROW IS THE LAST DAY OF THIS GREATEST OF ALL BARGAIN SALES.

This is not an effort to get rid of an undesirable stock. Every article is the choicest of this season's offerings.

THE MODEL SHOP

An Extra and Unprecedented Bargain in Suits for Young Men.

14 to 19 Years.

Mothers: "Don't blame your boy for wearing out his clothes so quickly, when the fault lies with the buyer, not the wearers. There is a world of thought in this sentence, and no mother should 'look hard' at her boy for unsatisfactory results of his shopping, so long as the clothes he wears aren't 'Model clothes.' As a special for Saturday day we will place on sale

1,000 BOYS' LONG

PANTS SUITS,

made of strictly all wool materials, in the newest and choicest effects that we have ever seen. This season, finished with best trimmings, pants in latest shape, long, warranted perfect fitting; the pants in every respect are a bargain at \$4.95. As a special for Saturday day we will place on sale at other stores in Kansas City at \$7.00, \$7.50 and \$8.00. They will be sold at the Model at the uniform price of

\$4.95.

See grand display in window, corner 14th street.

A complete Baseball Outfit,

consisting of Ball, Bat, Belt

and Cap, free with every

suit sold in our Children's

Department.

HOT FIGHT AT OMAHA.

Middle-of-the-Road Populists Making

It Warm for the F-

nctionists.

OMAHA, NEB., June 16.—All day the middle-of-the-road Populists have been prosecuting their fight upon Senator Marion Butler, the chairman of the Populist national convention, but so far without success.

Through ex-Congressman Weller, of Iowa, they made an effort during the afternoon to have the report of the credentials committee barring out Paul Vandervoort, of Nebraska, from the committee and sealing the members of the national convention, Populists, reconsidered, but they suffered a signal defeat. Then a conference between the middle-of-the-road and the Populists was held and the report from this conference was deliberated upon all the afternoon.

Senator Allen, of Nebraska; Congressman James Gunn, of Idaho, and Joseph R. Burton, of Kansas, were the chief speakers for the Populists in the conference, and C. Frank Burkitt, of Mississippi; W. B. Morgan, of Arkansas; Harry Francis, of Missouri; and the anti-Populists. The result of the conference was that an agreement was reached to the effect that no more fusion propositions should emanate from the Populist national committee. The conference was held in the afternoon, and the Populists, independently of any other convention, that the day after tomorrow, when the conference was held, the Populists would not be bound by the action of the conference.

Chairman Butler said that, after the fight that had been made upon him by the two other men, he was unable to get away from his own state and the methods employed by the Texas middle-of-the-road, who had been in the conference, to secure the admission of J. R. Bovergren to a proxy. Another recess till 1 o'clock.

At the present hour, 2 a. m., the Populist national committee is in session, and the Populists are discussing the report, or rather reports, from the new conference. The middle-of-the-road, through General William Phillips, are making a strong effort to secure the admission of J. R. Bovergren to a proxy. Another recess till 1 o'clock.

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BERING SEA CLAIM PAID.

Judge Day Turns Over to Minister

Pannecote a Draft for

\$473,151.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The closing chapter in the story of the Bering sea fisheries' claims, running over a period of several years, was enacted in the office of the secretary of state this afternoon, when Judge Day delivered to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, a draft drawn on the treasurer of the United States in the sum of \$473,151.25, as payment in full of the award of the joint commission, convened in accordance with the terms of the Paris tribunal of the arbitration of 1922.

To-day was the last day allowed for payment, under the terms of the award, and it was made in pursuance of a special act of congress, passed by that body yesterday and approved by the president of the United States this morning.

These claims arose through the seizure by United States revenue cutters and naval vessels for the purpose of sealing the small sealers hailing from British Columbia, that had been engaged in sealing.

By so doing they had violated the law of the United States, but when the whole subject was considered at the arbitration, it was decided, as an incident, that the United States had, at the time these seizures were made, no exclusive jurisdiction over the waters of Bering sea, outside of the three-mile limit, and that, consequently, the owners of the vessels were entitled to compensation.

The award was made on the basis of the fact that the United States had, at the time these seizures were made, no exclusive jurisdiction over the waters of Bering sea, outside of the three-mile limit, and that, consequently, the owners of the vessels were entitled to compensation.

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ABOUT ELOPEMENTS.

A Wise Mother Discusses the Subject

in a Very Interesting

Way.

From the Chicago Daily News. A mother, referring to the subject of elopements and marriage unsanctioned by the bride's parents, recently said: "I think the trouble in such matters is largely owing to the mistaken treatment which the daughters receive from the members of their family circle. Their brothers, if brothers they possess, are not to make much of them, and the father and mother are taken up with the cares of existence that they are unable to give the girls the proper training and guidance which they need. Every woman's heart is a garden, and it is as sunshine to a growing plant, and if there is a lack of these at home it is any wonder that when a young man comes along and tells a young girl that she is the sweetest thing on earth, the seeds of love are sown, and she is taken up with the idea of eloping, and she is not to be blamed for it. It is the fault of the parents, and not of the girl."

"I made up my mind when my girls were babies that they should never have to look for admiration away from home. It was the rule in our household on no occasion for years, and I imagine that to dwell forever on the individuals who adore her, who recognize her charms, will be the cause of human happiness."

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